

Peraturan pemarkahan Kertas 3

Modul Kecemerlangan Tingkatan 5

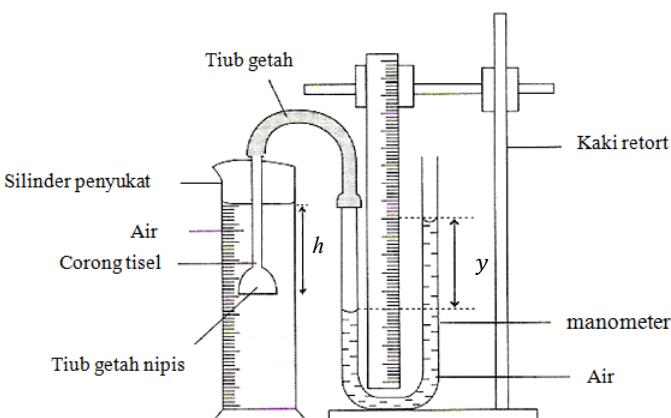
Question	Answer	Marks												
1 (a) (i)	Depth of immersion/ d /Kedalaman rendaman (reject : D)	1												
1 (a) (ii)	Bouyant force/ F_B /Daya apung	1												
1 (a) (iii)	Density of rod/Density of water/ Ketumpatan rod/Ketumpatan air	1												
1 (b) (i)	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>d/cm</th> <th>m/g</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>2.0</td><td>66.1</td></tr> <tr><td>3.0</td><td>69.7</td></tr> <tr><td>4.0</td><td>73.8</td></tr> <tr><td>5.0</td><td>77.6</td></tr> <tr><td>6.0</td><td>81.4</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>→ All 5 values of m correct with 1 decimal place – 2 marks → All 5 values of m correct without 1 decimal place – 1 mark → 3 or 4 values of m correct with 1 decimal place – 1 mark → 3 or 4 values of m correct without 1 decimal place – 0 mark (Mark in spaces provided)</p>	d/cm	m/g	2.0	66.1	3.0	69.7	4.0	73.8	5.0	77.6	6.0	81.4	2
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1(b)(iii)	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>M/g</th> <th>F_B/N</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>7.5</td><td>0.075</td></tr> <tr><td>11.1</td><td>0.111</td></tr> <tr><td>15.2</td><td>0.152</td></tr> <tr><td>19.0</td><td>0.190</td></tr> <tr><td>22.8</td><td>0.228</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>→ All 5 values of F_B correct – 2 marks → 3 or 4 values of F_B correct – 1 marks All 5 values of F_B with 2 or 3 decimal places if not, penalised 1 mark</p>	M/g	F_B/N	7.5	0.075	11.1	0.111	15.2	0.152	19.0	0.190	22.8	0.228	2
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	Marks awarded / markah diberi: <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Number of ✓</th><th>Marks</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>7 ✓</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr> <td>5-6 ✓</td><td>4</td></tr> <tr> <td>3-4 ✓</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr> <td>2 ✓</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td>1 ✓</td><td>1</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Number of ✓	Marks	7 ✓	5	5-6 ✓	4	3-4 ✓	3	2 ✓	2	1 ✓	1	
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3-4 ✓	3													
2 ✓	2													
1 ✓	1													
1 (d)	<i>F_B directly proportional to d</i>	1												
TOTAL MARKS		16												

Skema No. 2

No. Soalan	Peraturan Pemarkahan	Markah
(a)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mengekstrapolasikan graf sehingga suhu = 0 °C. - Menyatakan nilai Panjang turun udara, L = 6.2 cm 	1 1
(a)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Menyatakan hubungan L dan θ: L bertambah secara linear dengan θ. - Menyatakan alasan: Graf garis lurus dengan kecerunan positif dan melalui pintasan paksi-L bukan sifar/ Graf garis lurus dengan kecerunan positif dan melalui titik bukan asalan 	1 1
(a)(iii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Melukis satu segitiga di bawah graf yang merangkumi sebahagian besar graf - Membuat gantian nilai dengan betul ke dalam formula kecerunan $\text{Kecerunan} = \frac{7.5 - 6.2}{65 - 0}$ - Menulis jawapan akhir dengan nilai dan unit yang betul $\text{Kecerunan} = 0.02 \text{ cm}^{\circ}\text{C}^{-1}$ 	1 1 1 1
(b)(i)	Menggantikan nilai kecerunan dan nilai pintasan-L ke dalam persamaan am graf garis lurus : $y = mx + c$ Menulis persamaan linear: $L = 0.02\theta + 6.2$	1 1
(b)(ii)	Menggantikan nilai $\theta = 90^{\circ}\text{C}$ ke dalam persamaan linear $L = 0.02(90) + 6.2$ Menulis jawapan akhir dengan nilai yang betul $L = 8.0 \text{ cm}$	1 1
(c)	Mengelak ralat paralaks dengan memastikan mata berserenjang dengan skala bacaan pembaris dan termometer.	1

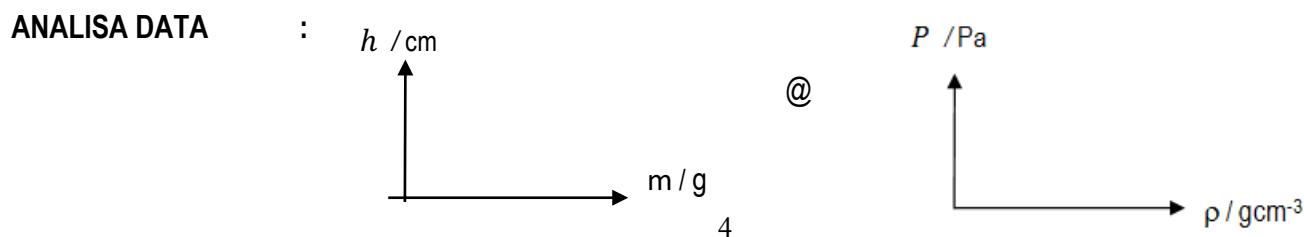
- INFERENS** : Tekanan dipengaruhi oleh ketumpatan
- HIPOTESIS** : Jika ketumpatan bertambah, maka tekanan bertambah
- TUJUAN** : Untuk mengkaji hubungan antara ketumpatan dan tekanan
- PEMBOLEHUBAH** : Manipulasi : Ketumpatan, ρ
 Bergerakbalas : Tekanan, P // Beza ketinggian paras air di dalam manometer, y
 Dimalarkan : Kedalaman, h
- RADAS DAN BAHAN** : Corong tisel, manometer, silinder penyukat, air, garam, penimbang elektronik, tiub getah, pembaris meter, tiub getah nipis, kaki retort

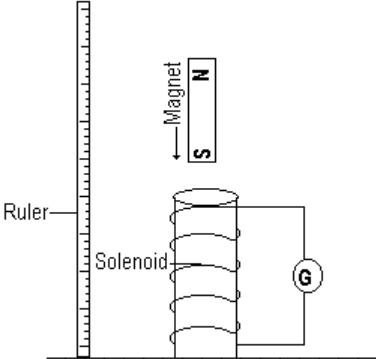


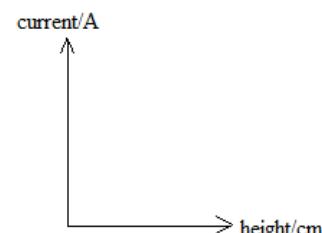
- PROSEDUR**
- Silinder penyukat dipenuhi dengan isi padu air, $V = 250 \text{ ml}$ dan dicampurka dengan garam berjisim, $m = 10 \text{ g}$. Rendamkan corong tisel secara menegak pada kedalaman air, $h = 30.0 \text{ cm}$
 - Ukur beza ketinggian paras air di dalam manometer, y dengan menggunakan pembaris meter
(Beza ketinggian paras air di dalam manometer, $y = \text{Tekanan air}$)
 - Ulang eksperimen dengan melarutkan garam berjisim, $m = 20 \text{ g}, 30 \text{ g}, 40 \text{ g}$ dan 5 g dalam air berisi padu, $V = 250 \text{ ml}$.

PENJADUALAN DATA :

Jisim garam, m / g	Beza ketinggian paras air di dalam manometer, y / cm	@	Ketumpatan, ρ $/ \text{gcm}^{-3}$	Tekanan, P / Pa
10			ρ_1	
20			ρ_2	
30			ρ_3	
40			ρ_4	
50			ρ_5	



No.	Mark	Answer
4 (a)	1	Inference : The brightness of the bulb depend on the speed of wheel rotation// The brightness of the bulb depend on the speed of magnet
(b)	1	Hypothesis: If the speed increases (magnet), the (induced) current increase.// If the height of magnet increases, the (induced) current increases.
(c)(i)		Aim: To investigate the relationship between height (of magnet released) and the (induced) current
(ii)	1 <i>(kedua-dua betul)</i>	Variables: Manipulated : height of magnet released Responding : induced current
	1	Constant Variable : number of turn/strength of magnet/
(iii)	1	List of apparatus : miliammeter/galvanometer, meter ruler, connection wire, bar magnet, and coils/solenoid, retort stand
(iv)	1	Arrangement of apparatus: 
(v)	1	Control of manipulated variable: Set up the apparatus as shown in the diagram Measure the height of magnet, X_1 cm
	1	Measurement of responding variable: Released the bar magnet into solenoid. Record the reading of miliammeter/Galvanometer while the bar magnet is moving into the solenoid./Record the maximum reading of miliammeter/Galvanometer
	1	Repeat the experiment 4 times with the difference height of magnet bar released X_2 cm, X_3 cm, X_4 cm and X_5 cm.

(vi)		<p>Tabulation of data : (<i>Terima jika tak tulis unit</i>)</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="507 234 1356 466"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="507 234 915 276">Height of magnet released/ cm</th><th data-bbox="915 234 1356 276">Induced current/ mA</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Height of magnet released/ cm	Induced current/ mA												
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(vii)	1	<p>Analysis of data. Plot the graph of current against height</p> 														
	12															