MAKTAB RENDAH SAINS MARA SPM TRIAL EXAMINATION 2012 ANSWERS : PAPER I

| Question No. | Answer |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1 | C |
| 2 | В |
| 3 | D |
| 4 | В |
| 5 | В |
| 6 | Α |
| 7 | C |
| 8 | В |
| 9 | C |
| 10 | A |
| 11 | D |
| 12 | С |
| 13 | D |
| 14 | Α |
| 15 | В |
| 16 | A (1) |
| 17 | C |
| 18 | A |
| 19 | C |
| 20 | A |
| 21 | D |
| 22 | В |
| 23 | D |
| 24 | C |
| 25 | В |

| Answer |
|--------|
| D |
| A |
| С |
| A |
| В |
| D |
| D |
| A |
| В |
| C |
| С |
| D |
| В |
| D |
| Α |
| В |
| В |
| С |
| D |
| В |
| С |
| A |
| D |
| В |
| D |
| |

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MAKTAB RENDAH SAINS MARA SPM TRIAL EXAMINATION 2012 PHYSICS PAPER 2

| Question No. Mark Suggested Answer | | Suggested Answer | Note | |
|------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| 1 | (a) | 1 | Tick the correct box ☑ Transverse waves | |
| | (b) | 1 | State the correct point OQ | |
| (4 | c)(i) | 1 | Tick the correct box ☑ remains unchanged | |
| (| (c) (ii) | 1 | State the answer correctly Energy | |
| | | | | TOTAL A1 = 4 mar |
| | (a) | .1 | State the meaning correctly Rate of change of displacement | Reject: |
| | (b) | 1 | Mark and label the two forces correctly U: Upthrust W: Weight Upthru Lift fo | |
| | | | or | |
| | | | Weight Weig Upthrust / Lift force | ght |
| | (c) | - st | Calculate the value of the final velocity correct | ly |
| | | 1 st 2 nd | Show substitution $v^2 = u^2 + 2$ a s $v^2 = 0 + 2$ (10) (120) State correct answer, with correct unit $v = \sqrt{2400}$ $v = 48.99 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ | Reject No unit |

| | testion No. | Mark | Suggested Answer | Note |
|---|--------------------|------|---|-----------------------------|
| 3 | (a)(i) | 1 | Name the correct physical quantity Length // Volume | |
| | (a)(ii) | 1 | State the correct physical properties. Opaque // expands uniformly // does not stick to glass | |
| | (b) | 1 | Calculate the temperature correctly Show calculation | |
| | | | $=\frac{10}{25} \times 100^{\circ} \text{C}$ | |
| | | 1 | State answer with unit = 40 °C | Reject No unit |
| | (c) | | State one method to improve thermometer sensitivity correctly Reduce the cross section of capillary tube // Reduce the thickness of bulb wall | |
| | (d) | 1 | State type of liquid correctly Alcohol | |
| | | | | A3 = 6 mark |
| 4 | (a) | 1 | State the meaning of thermionic emission correctly A process whereby electrons escape from the surface of heated metal | Reject if no word "process" |
| | | | | |
| | (<i>b</i>)(i) | 1 | Name the structure X correctly Cathode | Reject Filament |
| | (b)(i) (b) (ii) | 1 | | Reject |
| | - | | Cathode Draw a line to show correct deflection of the electron beam | Reject |
| | (b) (ii) | 1 | Cathode Draw a line to show correct deflection of the electron beam (towards the positive plate) State the correct change of deflection | Reject |

| Question No | . Mark | Suggested Answer | Note |
|-------------|--------|--|------|
| 5 (a) | 1 | Name the wave phenomenon correctly Refraction of light wave | |
| (b)(i) | 1 | State the comparison correctly Angle r in Diagram 5.1 (a) is smaller | |
| (b)(ii) | 1 | State the comparison correctly Speed of light in diagram 5.1(b) is smaller | |
| (c)(i) | 1 | State the relationship between angle r and speed of light in medium X correctly The greater the angle r, the greater the speed of light in medium X | |
| (c)(ii) | 1 | State the relationship speed of light and medium density between correctly The smaller // lower the medium density, the greater the speed of light | |
| (d) | 1. | State the correct deduction The greater the angle r , the smaller // lower the medium density | |
| (e) | 1 | State of the changes in the speed of light correctly Increases Explain the reason correctly Air density is smaller // lower OR Light travels from dense medium to less dense medium | |

| estion No. | Mark | Suggested Answer | Note |
|-------------------|---|--|---|
| (a) | 1 | State the definition of electromagnetic induction correctly. The production of induced e.m.f./ current in a conductor/wire when there is cutting/ changing of magnetic flux/field | |
| (<i>b</i>)(i) | 1 | Compare the number of turns correctly The number of turns in Diagram 6.1 is greater than in Diagram 6.2 | |
| (<i>b</i>)(ii) | 1 | Compare the deflection of the galvanometer pointer correctly The deflection of the galvanometer pointer in Diagram 6.1 is greater than in Diagram 6.2 | |
| (<i>b</i>)(iii) | 1 | Relate the number of turns and the deflection of the galvanometer pointer correctly When the number of turns increases, the deflection of pointer increases | |
| (<i>b</i>)(iv) | 1 | Relate the rate of cutting of flux and the induced current correctly When the rate of cutting of magnetic flux increase, the induced current produced increases | |
| (c) | 1 | Name the law correctly Faraday's Law | |
| (d)(i) | 1 | State the polarity of X correctly North | |
| (ii) | 1 | Draw the direction of the induced current correctly | |
| | (a) (b)(ii) (b)(iii) (b)(iv) (c) (d)(i) | (a) 1 (b)(i) 1 (b)(ii) 1 (b)(iii) 1 (c) 1 (d)(i) 1 | (a) 1 State the definition of electromagnetic induction correctly. The production of induced e.m.f./ current in a conductor/wire when there is cutting/ changing of magnetic flux/field (b)(i) 1 Compare the number of turns correctly The number of turns in Diagram 6.1 is greater than in Diagram 6.2 (b)(ii) 1 Compare the deflection of the galvanometer pointer correctly The deflection of the galvanometer pointer in Diagram 6.1 is greater than in Diagram 6.2 (b)(iii) 1 Relate the number of turns and the deflection of the galvanometer pointer correctly When the number of turns increases, the deflection of pointer increases (b)(iv) 1 Relate the rate of cutting of flux and the induced current correctly When the rate of cutting of magnetic flux increase, the induced current produced increases (c) 1 Name the law correctly Faraday's Law (d)(i) 1 State the polarity of X correctly North (ii) 1 Draw the direction of the induced current correctly |

| Question No. Mark | | stion No. Mark Suggested Answer | |
|---------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| 7 (a) | 1 | Name the detector correctly Geiger Muller tube // GM tube | Reject : gm tube |
| (b)(i) | 1 | Name the radiation correctly Beta particle // β particle // β radiation | Must have particle |
| (ii) | i) Name the nature of the radiation correctly High energy electron // fast moving electron | | Reject: |
| (ii) | 1 | Draw correctly the deflection of radiation correctly β particle – deflected downwards | |
| | | Radioactive source Sumber radioaktif Magnet bar Bar magnet Magnet bar Bar magnet | |
| (d)(i) | 1 | State the type of radiation used correctly Gamma ray // \gamma ray State reason correctly Can kill germs/ insects/ fungus/ bacteria// High penetrating power/ High energy | Must have the word "ray" |
| (d)(ii) | 1 1 | State desired half-life correctly Long State reason correctly Long lasting | |
| (<i>d</i>)(iii) | 1 | State state desired physical state correctly Solid State reason correctly Easy to handle // Not easily spilled // Does not vaporise easily | |

| Question No. | Mark | Suggested answer | Note |
|------------------|------|---|--------------------|
| 8 (a) | 1 | State the principle correctly Archimedes'// Floatation// Buoyancy | |
| (b) | 1 | State the relationship correctly Buoyant force is equal to weight of object // Buoyant Force = Weight of object | Reject formula |
| (c)(i) | 1 | Calculate the buoyant force correctly Show substitution $F_b = mg$ $= 0.05 \text{ kg } \times 10 \text{ N kg}^{-1}$ Answer with unit $= 0.5 \text{ N}$ | Reject No unit |
| (c)(ii) | 1 | State the depth change correctly Increases Explain the answer correctly Density is smaller // Buoyant force is smaller | |
| (d)(i) | 1 | State the shape of sampan correctly Aerodynamic // streamline State the reason correctly Low resistance // low water resistance | Reject aerofoil |
| (<i>d</i>)(ii) | 1 1 | Calculate the mass correctly Correct equation $F_b = \rho V g$ $mg = \rho (Ah) g$ Correct substitution $m + 100 = 1000 \times 2 (0.5-0.12)$ Answer with unit $m = 660 \text{ kg}$ OR | |
| | | $F_b = mg, F_b = (m + 100)10 F_b = \rho Ahg = 1000(2)(0.5-0.12)(10)^{2} = 7600 \text{ N} (m + 100)10 = 7600 \text{ N} m = 660 \text{ kg} \sqrt{3}$ | |
| | 1 | State the choice correctly | |

| Question No. Ma | | Mark | Suggested answer | | Note | | |
|-----------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 9 | (a) | 1 | State the definition correctly Momentum is the product of | mass and velocity | Reject: symbol Accept: symbol with explanation | | |
| | (<i>b</i>)(i) | 1 | Compare the number of pass The number of passenger in D Diagram 9.1.2 // 9.1.1 Two/2 | Diagram 9.1.1 is greater than | | | |
| | (<i>b</i>)(ii) | 1 | Compare the damage of the to The damage of tyre in Diagram 9.2.2 | | | | |
| | (b)(iii) | 1 | Relate damage of the tyres ar The number of passenger incr | ad the total mass correctly eases, the total mass increase. | | | |
| | (<i>b</i>)(iv) | 1 | Relate the damage of the tyre The higher the damage, the hi | s & the impulsive force correctly gher the impulsive force. | | | |
| | (b)(v) | 1 | force correctly | Deduce the corerect relationship between mass & impulsive | | | |
| | (c) | 1st 2 nd 3 rd 4 th | Explain how helmet prevents accident correctly The inner part of helmet is m Reduces impulsive force // In The outer part of helmet mad Does not easily break during | ade of soft material crease time of impact/collision e of strong material | | | |
| | (d) | | State the suitable modification | on and justifications correctly | | | |
| | | 1 st 2 nd 3 rd | Modification Frame Strong//Lighter//Low mass | Reason Does not easily break // Bigger acceleration // Lighter | | | |
| | | 4 th 5 th 6 th | Shape Aerodynamic//Diamond// Pear shape | Less resistance//Increases speed//Increase acceleration | | | |
| | | 7 th | Engine High power | High speed//High acceleration | | | |
| | | 9 th | Wet condition Tyre tread/Tyre made of soft compound // Tyre has more grooves | More friction // More grip // More traction | | | |
| | | | Type of brake Disc brake | Less heat to the brakes // Shorter braking distance // Avoids skidding | Max: 10 marks | | |

TOTAL B9 = 20 marks

| Que | stion No. | Mark | Suggested answer | | Note | |
|-----|------------|---|--|---|--|--|
| 10 | (a)(i) | 1 | State the meaning of Electric field is a region a force | electric field correctly on in which an electric charge experiences | | |
| | a)(ii) | 1 st 2 nd | The voltage between the distance. The distance between | the plates P and Q correctly the plates in 10.1 is equal / same with 10.2 be between the plates P and Q correctly P &Q in 10.1 is shorter//smaller than 10.2 | | |
| | | 3 rd | Compare the frequent The frequency in Diag State the relationship P and Q with the freq | gram 10.1 is greater / higher than in 10.2 between the distance between the plates quency of oscillations of the ping-pong | | |
| | | 4 th | Deduce the relations electric field strength | the the higher the frequency thip between distance between plates and correctly | | |
| | | 5 th | The longer the distant strength of the electric | ce between the plates, the higher the | | |
| | <i>(b)</i> | 1 st 2 nd 3 rd | produces electrost The charge on the the surrounding ai | the tanker and air molecules atic charge on the tanker body. tanker body is neutralized /discharged by r via the metal chain. tric sparks which can cause fire during | | |
| | (c) | | State the features and | the explanations correctly | Focus is on | |
| | | 1 st , 2 nd | Suitable Feature Use parallel circuit | Explanation The bulbs can switched on and off individually/separately | building design ∴ Reject | |
| | | 3 rd , 4 th | Lightning conductor | Transfers lightning charges to the ground / earth | energy saver appliances | |
| | | 5 th , 6 th 7 th , 8 th , | Fuse Circuit breaker | Melts when short circuit occurs Switches off current when overloaded | eg. Flourescen | |
| | | 9 th , 10 th | Separate circuit for heavy duty & frequently used appliances | To protect electrical appliances from damage | Green tech. Must be specific to building design | |
| | | | Solar panel | Less electrical usage//Solar power converted to electrical energy | | |
| | | | Thermostat | Automatic switch to respond to temperature changes | Max: | |
| - | F (1) | | Sensor(s) | Switches off electrical appliances when | 10 marks | |

|)ue | stion No. | Mark | Suggested answer | | Note |
|-----|-------------------|---|--|--|-------------------|
| 1 | (a) | 1 | Name the process of en Radiation | iergy transfer correctly | |
| | (b)(i) | (b)(i) 1st | | receive same amount of heat. ity of sand is low. ity of sea water high. ster than sea water // d higher than temperature of sea water// | |
| - | (c) | | States the suitable char | racteristics & justifications correctly | |
| | | | Characteristics | Explanations | |
| | | 1 st , 2 nd | Glass cover | Reduces heat loss // Traps heat/infrared radiation | |
| | | 3 rd , 4 th | Black panel | Absorbs most of visible light // Absorbs more solar energy // Little reflection of light energy | |
| | | 5 th , 6 th | Large number of turns (for pipe coils in water tank) | Bigger surface area for heat transfer // More efficient heat transfer // Transfers more heat/energy // Heats up water (in water tank) faster | |
| | | 7 th , 8 th | Low specific heat capacity (water pipes) | Transfers heat faster// Absorbs and | |
| | | 9 th | State the suitable solar Q | heater correctly | |
| | | 10 th | State the reasons corre Because is has glass co- large number of turns a | verly ver, black panel, the water pipe has a nd of medium specific heat capacity. | |
| | (<i>d</i>)(i) | | water correctly | or the amount of heat absorbed by the | Reject No unit |
| | | 1 st | Showing correct substitution $Q = mc\theta = 2 \times 420$ | $00 \times (50 - 30)$ | |
| | | 2 nd | States correct answer w $Q = 400 \text{ J}$ | Attn unit | |
| | (<i>d</i>) (ii) | 1 st 2 nd 3 rd | $Q_{metal} = Q_{wate}$ | or specific heat capacity correctly. or $ mc\theta_{metal} = mc\theta_{water}$ $c \times 40$ $c \times 40^{-10}$ | |

| Que | stion No. | Mark | Suggested answer | | Note | | |
|-----|-----------|---|--|---|------|--|--|
| 12 | (a)(i) | 1 | The longitudinal wav particles in the mediu propagation of the wa | clongitudinal waves correctly we are waves in which the vibration of the am is parallel to the direction of aves // wibrations are parallel to the direction of | | | |
| | (ii) | 1 | waves and transverse Longitudinal waves p vibrations while trans | tate one difference between the propagation of longitudinal vaves and transverse waves correctly congitudinal waves propagate in the same direction as its librations while transverse waves propagate perpendicular to me direction of the vibrations. | | | |
| | (iii) | 1 st 2 nd 3 rd | State how to produce pitched, correctly Pluck the string hards Vibration/Wave amp Use thinner / shorter String vibrates at high | Max: 3 marks | | | |
| | (b) | | States the suitable che correctly | States the suitable characteristics and the explanations correctly | | | |
| | | | Characteristic | Explanation | | | |
| | | 1 st , 2 nd | High speed | Information can be sent and received quickly | | | |
| | | 3 rd , 4 th | Short wavelength | Less diffraction | | | |
| | | 5 th , 6 th | Less / low energy dissipated | Receive information clearly // Less loss of information to surrounding | | | |
| | | 7 th , 8 th | Reflected by ionosphere | Signal reaches receiver / antenna / radio clearly | | | |
| | | 9 th | State the suitable wa | ve correctly | | | |
| | | 10 th | State the reasons con Wave has high speed energy dissipated and | rectly, moderate range of wavelength, less is reflected by the ionosphere. | | | |

| Question No. | Mark | Suggested answer | Note |
|--------------|-----------------|---|------|
| 12 (c)(i) | 1 st | Show calculation of wavelength of sound waves correctly. Show correct substitution $v = f \lambda / / \lambda = \frac{v}{f}$ $\lambda = \frac{330}{100}$ State the answer with the correct unit $\lambda = 3.3$ m | |
| (c) (ii) | 1 st | Show the calculation of distance of ship from cliff correctly. Show correct substitution $s = \frac{vt}{2}$ $= \frac{330 \times 4}{2}$ State the answer with the correct unit $s = 660 \text{ m}$ | |
| (c) (iii) | 1 | State the answer correctly No, the ship will not collide with the cliff | |

PEPERIKSAAN PERCUBAAN SPM 2012 MRSM

Corrections: Physics Mark Scheme

| | Question | Answer | | |
|---------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Paper 1 | 20 | В | | |
| Paper 2 | 9(<i>b</i>)(iii) | Relate damage of the tyres and the total mass correctly When the total mass increases, the damage increases | | |
| | 10 <i>a</i>)(ii) | State the relationship between the distance between the plates P and Q with the frequency of oscillations of the ping-pong ball correctly The smaller the distance the higher the frequency | | |
| | 11(<i>b</i>)(i) | Reject explanation using concept of pressure | | |
| | 11(<i>d</i>)(i) | Show the calculation for the amount of heat absorbed by the water correctly Showing correct substitution $Q = mc\theta = 2 \times 4200 \times (50 - 30)$ States correct answer with unit $Q = 168\ 000\ \text{J}$ Show the calculation for specific heat capacity of metal correctly. $Q_{\text{metal}} = Q_{\text{water}} // mc\theta_{\text{metal}} = mc\theta_{\text{water}}$ $168\ 000\ \text{J} = 0.5\ \text{x}\ \text{c}\ \text{x}\ 40$ $c = 8400\ \text{J}\ \text{kg}^{-10}\text{C}^{-1}$ (I'm not happy with the value of c here. Value is too big for metal) | | |
| | 11(<i>d</i>)(i) | | | |
| | 12 | States the suitable characteristics and the explanations correctly (3 rd & 4 th marks) | | |
| | | Characteristic Explanation | | |
| | : | Long wave More diffraction | | |
| Р3 | 1 (b) & (c) | Please measure y for all Diagrams and modify the values of y and a accordingly | | |
| | | I believe our diagrams for each chart & graph may be different in size (mine not the same as Rozi's). Problem due to inaccurate printing reproduction by the printer appointed by BAP) | | |
| | | (TQ Rozilawati of MRSM Kuala Berang for preparing the corrections for P1, P2 and P3) | | |
| | 2(<i>b</i>)(iii) | Calculate the current correctly. E = I (R + r) 1.5 = I (20+ 0.6) ∴ I = 0.0728 A | | |

HK/BPM/13September2012